

THE CHI-SQUARED TEST FOR INDEPENDENCE

TI-83 INSTRUCTIONS

200 Hungarian males over the age of forty had their blood pressure taken and were categorised as having either severe, mild or no hypertension. Also noted was the amount of smoking they undertook - it was categorised as none, moderate and heavy. The data collected is summarised in the table below. It is wondered if hypertension and amount of smoking are independent at the 0.05 level of significance.

Degree of hypertension	Amount of smoking		
	None	Moderate	Heavy
severe	10	14	20
mild	20	18	31
none	40	22	25

Step 1: Press **MATRIX** and use **▶** to scroll to **EDIT** and then choose **1:[A]**.

```
NAMES MATH 100
1: [A]
2: [B]
3: [C]
4: [D]
5: [E]
6: [F]
7: [G]
```

Step 2: Set the size of the matrix to 3×3 and enter the data in the table above as shown.

```
MATRIX[A] 3 x 3
[ 10  14  20 ]
[ 20  18  31 ]
[ 40  22  25 ]

3 x 3 = 25
```

Step 3: Press **STAT** and use **▶** to scroll to **TESTS** and then choose **C: χ^2 -Test**.

```
EDIT CALC TESTS
0: 2-SampTInt...
A: 1-PropZInt...
B: 2-PropZInt...
C:  $\chi^2$ -Test...
D: 2-SampFTest...
E: LinRegTTest...
F: ANOVA(
```

Step 4: Set up the screen as shown.

```
 $\chi^2$ -Test
Observed: [A]
Expected: [B]
Calculate Draw
```

Highlight **Calculate** and press **ENTER** to perform the test.

```
 $\chi^2$ -Test
 $\chi^2=9.575820176$ 
P=.0482124104
df=4
```

Since the p -value is less than 0.05, we reject the hypothesis that degree of hypertension and amount of smoking are independent.

Press **MATRIX**, choose **2:[B]** then press **ENTER** to view the expected frequencies in matrix B.

```
[B]
[ 15.4  11.88  1...
[ 24.15  18.63  2...
[ 30.45  23.49  3...
```